

ALSTOM STANDARD FOR RAILWAY APPLICATIONS FASTENED ASSEMBLIES DESIGN





TABLE OF MODIFICATIONS

Revision	Publication	Summary of Changes	
Р	26/05/23	Standard torque value transferred from DTRF 150214	
0	01/12/22	Rationalization table, standard nut, design rules section and imperial fastener	
N	24/03/21	New template, update of rationalization table	
М	08/12/17	Rationalization table hexalobular screw / Table washer association rules	
L	12/01/17	Rationalization table / NAV suppression / association rules / Tightening torques values indications	
K	08/04/14	Rationalization table / nut with plastic insert / FS nut, superbolt	
J	10/10/13	Hexalobular screw - update of the NOTA - Dimensional rules	
I	02/07/13	Authorized and forbidden fastener list - Update of the NOTA	
Н	20/01/12	Definitions of secure assemblies	
G	12/06/10	Suppression of solicitation category	
F	10/10/09	Document reformatting following revisions mandated by Central Product Engineering	
Е	24/04/07	Performance levels / Preamble/ Galvanic corrosion / Correspondence with DTRF 150213 / suppression of theme-oriented organization / tightening torque	
D	06/06/06	Title modification / Special shear constraints 6.2 / Elimination of appendix: Friction factor 8.2 / Bolted assemblies title block 5.3 Suppression of image of test on tensile binary 5.4.5	
С	04/10/05	Correction anti-binding paste / Quality level C1 clamping: revised explanation / Suppression of chapter 6.2 special groupings following meeting of October 4th Return of experience on Nordlock solution – chapter 5.4.2.2	
В	20/06/05	Correction of table on corrosion resistance, as well as designation example and addition of naming of bolted assemblies. Correction of clamping descriptions according to quality levels. Referencing to std. PrEN 15085 for the definition of security levels Appendix addition: Reminder for designers	
А	01/06/05	Re-reading and addition of theoretical part following CCN meeting on 11/05/05	
/	13/10/04	Original issue	





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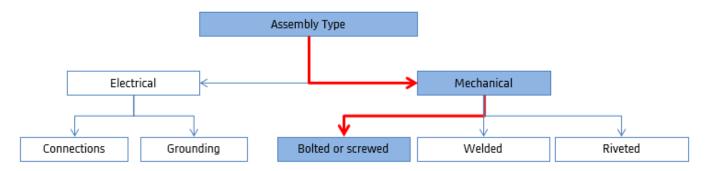
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1. PURPOSE

This ALSTOM Standard deals with railway screwed or bolted mechanical assemblies for structural or non-structural applications, as described below. It does not cover electrical assemblies, purpose of DTRF 150222.



The purpose of this ALSTOM Standard is to define the performance class of an assembly, as well as the fundamental rules for design and dimensioning. This ALSTOM Standard neither aims at defining the standards of screwed elements (screwed elements catalogue), nor at defining procurement requirements (DTRF 150213).

ALSTOM's internal application of the mechanical fastening elements lists (authorized, forbidden, etc.) that appear in this ALSTOM Standard is used for new projects via the application of the standard element's lists: PPL (Preferred Part List).

Application of these technical solutions by suppliers:

- is not mandatory but strongly recommended for their component
- mandatory at the ALSTOM interface and approved during contract review.

In absence of European standard governing railway bolted joints and only when DIN 25201 is authorized for the considered project, this DTRF 150210 complements this standard.

Even if International Standards exist in different languages, English version is considered as official reference.





2. NORMATIVE REFERENCES

2.1. STANDARD REFERENCES

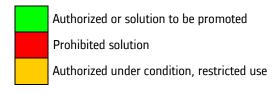
Reference	Title
EN 1993-8	Design of steel structure – Design of joints
ISO 273	Clearance hole for bolts and screws

2.2. ALSTOM STANDARD REFERENCES

Reference	Title	
DTRF 150212	Assemblies and parts criticality management	
DTRF 150213 Fasteners Purchasing Specification		
DTRF 150214	Fastened Assemblies Mounting Requirements	
DTRF 150250	Design Annotation & Dimension Instruction (DADI)	
DTRF 150262	Washing and Cleaning Agents Specification	
DTRF 150611	Surface protection catalogue	

3. TERMS AND DEFINITION

Color codes definition:







TERM	DEFINITION				
ASSEMBLIES					
Bolted assembly	A bolted assembly consists in a screw, at least two parts to be assembled together, a nut and possibly one or two washers.				
Screwed assembly	A screwed assembly consists in a screw, a washer and a tapped part. It may also be used more broadly to designate an assembly containing at least one screw.				
Structural assembly	An assembly is structural when its failure directly or indirectly leads to a dangerous situation for passengers, the operator, the maintenance personnel or leads to the damaging of the rolling stock itself. The term structural designates the removable or permanent mechanical connections of the train's sub-assemblies (cabin, side, underframe, roof, cross-members;), as well as equipment (seats, transformers) and force transmission (anti roll bar, damper,) These assemblies are exposed to high static and fatigue loads during normal service.				
Semi Structural assembly	A semi structural assembly is by definition a non-structural connection subject only to static loads during normal operating service of the rolling stock.				
Fastening assembly	A fastening assembly is not subject to static or fatigue loads during normal operating service of the stock. Is used for lining, interior fitting, signboards, The loosening of the connection does not lead to any dangerous situation for the user. The fastening assemblies are mainly associated to a low safety level.				
Permanent or quasi permanent assembly	Assembly rarely disassembled (twice during rolling stock life), at mid-life (15 years) or in case of accident				
Screw influence diameter: Da	Exterior diameter of disk materializing contact zone between 2 assembled parts and which center is screw axis (Rötscher cone)				
Clamping thickness: Lk	For bolted assemblies, it consists in sum of parts thickness located between screw head bottom and nut bottom (beginning of tapping in case of screwed assembly)				
Tapping or nut implantation length: Li	Engagement length of the threads in an internal thread or length of the screw/nut contact.				
Thread pitch, p	The pitch value is the distance covered in one turn and is measured between two vertices of the thread				
Nominal preload: F0	Load or pre-stress inserted into assembly corresponding to average friction coefficient and to average tightening torque				
Maximum preload: F0max	Load or pre-stress inserted into assembly corresponding to minimum friction coefficient and to maximum tightening torque				
Minimum preload: F0min	Load or pre-stress inserted into assembly corresponding to maximum friction coefficient and to minimum tightening torque				
Minimum preload stabilized: F0min _{stab}	Load or pre-stress inserted into assembly after relaxation				
Required limit load: Tr	Limit load to be ensured to fulfill non-slipping and non-separation conditions. Minimum load FOmin _{stab} in the assembly must always be greater than required limit load.				
Definition of the exposed areas	Z _{out} : Outside area (formerly known as Zone C) Z _{inW} : Inside area Wet (formerly known as Zone B) Z _{inD} : Inside area Dry (formerly known as Zone A)				





Loose fit	It's a none tight fitted assembly - Maximum relative movement of the two components depending on the gap between screw diameter and diameter of hole (see also table for size of clearance holes)		
Transition fit or tight fitted	Form fit which restricts relative movement of two components (tolerances e.g. H7/j6) – is like tight fitted assembly.		
ASP	Assembly Surface Protection: insertion of limited paint thicknesses or grease or specific product to optimize friction factor or only to avoid galvanic corrosion at interface		
	THREADED FASTENERS		
Thread forming screw or tapping screw self-threading screws	No shawes and resistant thread because the metal is pushed. (ex: used for mechanical assemblies: traction cubicle - Tarbes)		
Thread cutting screw	Use for fastening: inconvenient: shavings, risk of crack initiation (ex: used for fastening signboards – Creusot)		
Self-drilling screw	Screw drills the hole before forming the thread: inconvenient: shavings, machining of thread with risk of crack initiation		
	FLEXIBILITY		
Some recommendations are given in chart form and each function is characterized by the limits to be reached each of the functions are associated one or several acceptance criteria (requirement requested or necessary for implementation of the assembly), as well as the levels (quantification of the criterion on an adapted scale) we flexibility (tolerance).			
Fo The specified conditions cannot be challenged in any circumstances. The requirement.			
F1	The requirement is not mandatory but must be followed, unless an alternative solution can be demonstrated to be at least equivalent.		

• Size of clearance holes: F, M, L clearance holes for metric dimensions

Screws diameter	Screw clearance hole	s diameter (ISO 273) for a rou	und or oblong hole
	F	M	L
M2	2.2	2.4	2.6
M2,5	2.7	2.9	3.1
Мз	3.2	3.4	3.6
M4	4.3	4.5	4.8
M5	5.3	5.5	5.8
M6	6.4	6.6	7
M8	8.4	9	10
M10	10.5	11	12
M12	13	13.5	14.5
M16	17	17.5	18.5
M20	21	22	24
M24	25	26	28
M30	31	33	35
M36	37	39	42





Size of clearance holes: for imperial dimensions

Screw diameter	Screw clearance holes diameter (ASME B18.2.8) for a round or oblong hole				
	Close Fit	Normal Fit	Loose Fit		
#4	0.120	0.128	0.144		
#6	0.154	0.170	0.185		
#8	0.180	0.196	0.213		
#10	0.206	0.221	0.238		
1/4"	0.266	0.281	0.297		
5/16"	0.328	0.344	0.359		
3/8"	0.391	0.406	0.422		
1/2"	0.531	0.562	0.609		
5/8"	0.656	0.688	0.734		
3/4"	0.781	0.812	0.906		
1"	1.031	1.094	1.156		

• Recommended clearance holes, compatible for imperial and metric screws

In all cases, a stak-up analysis (cumulative tolerances) with both screw sizes shall be calculated to ensure interchangeability.

Screws diameters		Screw clearance hole diameters based on ISO 273 for a round or oblong hole (mm)		
Metric	Imperial	F	М	L
Мз	#4	3,2	3.4	3,6
M4	#6	4,3	4.5	
M5	#10	5.3	5,5	5,8
Me	1/4"			7
M8	5/16"	8.4	9	
M10	3/8"	10.5	11	
M12	1/2"		13.5	14.5
M16	5/8"		17.5	18.5
M20	3/4"	21	22	
M24	1"			28





4. ASSEMBLY CLASSIFICATION

Every railway bolted assembly is defined by a safety level (/H /M /L) and a performance class (CP).

A safety level does not imply a class of performance of tightening. If necessary, industrial department can adapt the tool for tightening according to a safety level while respecting the performance class defined by the engineering office.

4.1. BOLTED ASSEMBLY SAFETY LEVEL

The 3 safety levels (High, Medium or Low – DTRF 150212) of an assembly define:

Assembly safety level	High (H)	Medium (M)	Low (L)
Calculation of the assembly and formalization	on of the assembly and formalization Mandatory		Optional
Assembly and inspection requirements		DTRF 150214	
Sourcing prescriptions of fastening elements		DTRF 150213	

4.2. BOLTED ASSEMBLY PERFORMANCE CLASS

A screwed assembly is designated by a performance class (CP) defined by the engineering office, determined according to the constraints related to tightening precision required by dimensioning, accessibility of the assembly and during the maintenance.

The 5 performance classes used within ALSTOM define the maximum precision required for the use of a tension or torque applied to an assembly by considering tool precision **as well as human factor:**

- +/-20 % precision tools are not appropriate for a CPC20 performance class.
- Capability (as per DTRF 150214) allows verifying the adequacy of means (sensibility) considering the human factor towards the specified performance class.
- CPC20 torque values considered as a preferred solutions for all designs.

Assembly Performance Class	Tightening method	Maximum precision required	Tightening tool example	Assembly and inspection requirements
СР В	Tension	< ± 10%	Hydraulic tensioner - Fusible HRC screw	
CP C10		< ± 10%	Torque tightening (wrench)	DTRF 150214
CP C20	Torque	< ± 20%		
CP D		NA	Tightening without the use of a torque wrench (flat wrench)	





5. DELIVERABLES

5.1. ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

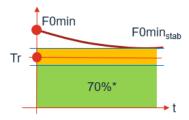
- Indicate the DTR code of the fixation element in the bill of material
- Prescribe salt spray level, in hours, if different from standards DTRF 150213
- Use the logos of the DTRF 150250 to specify:
 - Tightening torque value and performance class
 - Safety level (/H / M / L)
 - Safety logo
 - Geometrical tolerances on interfaces (hole, flatness, roughness)
 - Additional protection on fastener (wax, peripherical sealing)

5.2. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

• Retightening operation with parameter defined with the site assembly expert (ENG/IND): duration + retightening torque (if different from initial torque value):

Example Re-tightening following DTRF 150214 - 250N.m CPC20 after 24 hours

- When using grease prescribe grease with Molybdenum (do not prescribe oil or anticorrosive grease)
- Indicate if it is necessary to use thread lock and the type
- Authorization of the tightening head side: only in the case of a screwed assembly, in case of difficult
 access, specify the possibility of tight head side (by default the DTRF 150214 specifies the tightening
 nut side)
- Authorization to not mark the elements (blue, orange or green) according to the limits of the DTRF 150214: contact with effluent, difficulty of access, ...
- List of screw whose Tr level is > 70*% of F0min_{stab} (this list is used for the control plan defined into DTRF150214).







6. MECHANICAL FASTENERS LIST

6.1. AUTHORIZED AND STANDARDIZED FASTENERS

PPLs (Preferred Part Lists) are built with these fasteners which are to be preferentially used. PPPLs (Project Preferred Parts Lists) are built with this PPLs and project specificities.

6.1.1 AUTHORIZED AND STANDARDIZED SCREWS



The authorization to use hexalobular (Torx) is managed through the PPL.

- (a) Authorized under condition of required towards fatigue holding and shear
- (b) For NAM market





Conventional	elements	Systematically replaced by
	Slotted pan head (CLS) screw	
1	Single-slotted truss head (RL S) screws 1ft	
	Double-slotted truss head (RL S) screws 2ft	
	CBHC Screw	
	Hexagonal socket head cap (HSC) screw, <u>low head</u>	or
TORX-PLUS	Torx plus screw (socket type or not)	
	Slotted cheese head (CS & SZ) screw	TORX
	lotted flat countersunk head (F S) screw + conical washer	
	Slotted flat countersunk head (FS) screw	
	Cross recessed flat countersunk head (F Z) Philips or Pozidriv screw	
*	Socket flat countersunk head or bombed head screw for wood pozidrive or philipps	Screw for wood FX or BX, (hexalobular)
F 03-004 F 03-004 F 03-005 F 03-005	Notched screw	Tamper proof - Torx (countersunk with central plot)



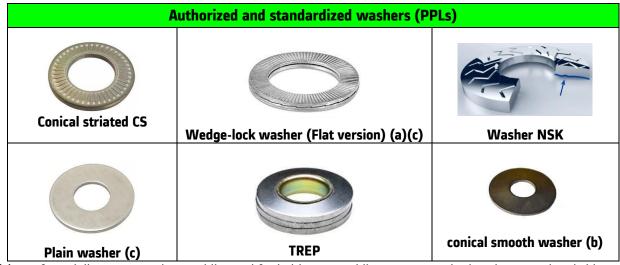


6.1.2 AUTHORIZED AND STANDARDIZED NUTS

Authorized and standardized nuts (PPLs)											
H (usual)	Locknut with plastic insert (c) H lock PLAST	Caga nut									
H (usual)	H IUCK PLAST	Cage nut									
Insert Keensert (a)	Crimping nut with an open hexagonal barrel (b)	Insert for wood									

- (a) For structural application
- (b) For retrofit, use the broaching tool to mount hexagonal insert.
- (c) For mechanical and electrical application. For electrical application for d<=M5.

6.1.3 AUTHORIZED AND STANDARDIZED WASHERS



- (a) Preferentially on screwed assemblies and for bolting assemblies access required to the screw head side to hold it in position during tightening. To not associate a ramp washer with a flat washer that is not locked against rotation. The hardness of the material under the washer must be ≤ 200 HV.
- (b) For NAM market authorized under condition, for fatigue holding and shear
- (c) Does not work for settlement control (relaxation due to several layer, paint thickness, ...)





6.1.4 Non-standardized fasteners

To limit the number of references (rationalization), the authorization for implementing this type of element is only granted if:

- The quantity is justified
- Extension of existing solution
- Validation of the single-source aspect (if applicable).
- Agreement from maintenance (management of variants).

These fasteners are not included into the PPL and an authorization based on solid reason, can be given by local assembly expert to be included into a 3PL.

A	uthorized under condition, restrict	ed use
Screw with integrated washer	Tab washer (a)	Hexagonal castellated nut – engaging or non engaging (b)
Hexagon bolts with flange (g)	H screw with flange or captive washer (conical or flat)	Tension nut
Thin nut class 04 (d)	conical smooth washer (c)	Ramp washer with internal plastic ring (j)
VS (f)	Verbus ripp screw or nut (e)	Cap nut





Authorized under condition, restricted use												
Square head screw (c)	Wing nut	Thread cutting screw										
		- Annumity										
Tension control bolt (hexagonal	Panhead screw (with 6 internal	Square collar screw										
head)	lobes)	or carriage bolt										
Screw FHC steel 8.8	Crimping nut with a closed hexagonal barrel	Steel welding nut (grade 06) or stainless steel										
Insert helicoïl (h)	VARGAL nut (i)	Locknut: Double-slotted (a)										
Locknut: FS Nut	Clip nut											

- (a) Against loss for structural application (bogie, CBS link) and electrical application and d>M5
- (b) For historical application on component (like bogie): example conical smooth for assemblies with paper join
- (c) Authorized under condition of required towards fatigue holding and shear
- (d) Authorized for counter nut solution
- (e) Forbidden on soft surface or painted authorized for German projects
- (f) Preferentially for bolting assembly, with high shear load
- (g) In link with ramp washer (see chapter washer combination)
- (h) Limitation of use for fitting application or repair
- (i) Only for specific application with high vibration and validated by product qualification
- (j) Authorized with technico-economic documentary evidence, industrial and logistic.





6.2. PROHIBITED FASTENERS

Fasteners listed in this section are not to be used on new projects.

This list was built on negative return of experience of these fasteners (not efficient fasteners or impacts on safety or maintenance) but also to reduce the number of fasteners solutions (rationalization).

6.2.1 PROHIBITED SCREWS



- a) Derogation possible based on a technico-economic documentary evidence, linked to quantities, industrial and logistic: Precoat links to high logistic constraints bounds to respect of best before dates and storage conditions
- b) Derogation possible based on a technico-economic documentary evidence, industrial and logistic. Due to high friction factor dispersion only to use after validating the performance class and specific tightening torque (product qualification).





6.2.2 PROHIBITED NUTS



- (a) Authorized when required by Project Contract (NAM) or for assemblies never dismount during maintenance.
- (b) Forbidden because need a precise drilling tolerance.





6.2.3 PROHIBITED WASHERS

	Prohibited washers					
		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH				
Spring locks washer (c)	Onduflex washer	Fan washer (b)				
	Ramp washer with plastic ring	Wedge-lock washer - Conical				
Ripp lock washer	outside (d)	version (a)				
E COURT	AN AND STREET OF THE STREET OF	version (a)				
Internal tooth lock washer	Toothed lock washer	Cup washer				

- (a) Example X serie from Nordlock Rationalization on flat wedge-lock washers only
- (b) Usable in dispensation, to respect the standard "hydraulic wedging for wheels" used by le Creusot
- (c) Authorized spring locks when required by Project Contract (NAM)
- (d) Forbidden due to rationalization reason and weakness against corrosion in highly exposed areas.





7. LIMITATIONS ON STANDARDIZED FASTENERS

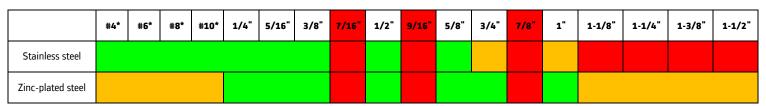
7.1. LIMITATIONS ON DIAMETER AND MATERIAL

7.1.1 METRIC DIAMETERS



^(*) historical diameter, always used on standard component like dampers.

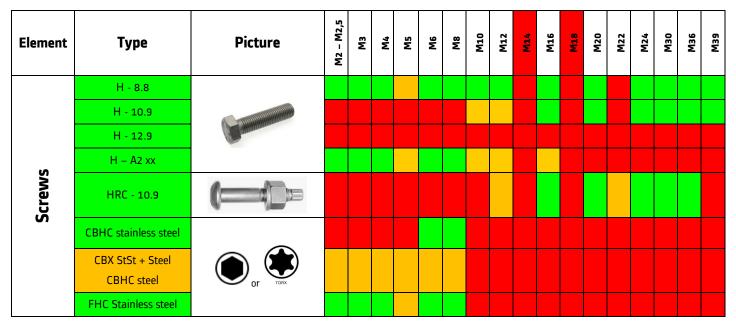
7.1.2 IMPERIAL DIAMETERS



^(*) indicates non-structural applications - It is recommended to use 1/4" screws or above for equipment mounting or structural assemblies.

7.2. LIMITATIONS ON DIAMETER AND ELEMENT TYPES

7.2.1 METRIC DIAMETERS







Element	Туре	Picture	M2 - M2,5	M3	M4	Ms	M6	M8	M10	M12	M14	M16	M18	M20	M22	M24	M30	M36	M39
	FHC Steel FX StSt + Steel																		
	HSC - 8.8																		
	HSC - 10.9																		
	HSC - 12.9	0																	
	HSC – Stainless steel																		
	Square neck bolt																		
	CBX, FX, Tamper Torx (countersunk with central plot) Only carbon steel																		
	HC(1)																		
	Screws for steel sheet or wood	N. British British																	
	Screw with integrated washer, captive																		
	With flange	- January 1																	
	Thread cutting screw	*																	
	Thread forming screw																		
Insert	Helicoïl																		





Element	Туре	Picture	M2 – M2,5	M3	M4	Ms	Me	M8	M10	M12	M14	M16	M18	M20	M22	M24	M30	M36	M39
	Keensert																		
	H nut																		
	Locknut double slotted																		
	FS																		
	Locknut with plastic insert																		
Nuts	Hexagonal blind rivet nut open (2)																		
Ž	Welded nut																		
	Cage nut																		
	Cap nut																		
	Wing nut																		
	Tension nut																		
Ŋ	CS																		
Washers	Flat (thick included)																		
	NSK																		





Element	Туре	Picture	M2 - M2,5	M3	7W	Ms	9W	M8	M10	M12	M14	M16	M18	M20	M22	M24	M30	M36	M39
	TREP																		
	Wedge lock washer (flat)																		
	Wedge lock washer (flat) with elastic ring inside (3)																		
	VS	0																	

- (1) Carbon Steel Hexagon Socket Set Screws are not to be preloaded in tension.
- (2) Authorized for historical electrical application in M12 size (isolator) even it's red marked for rationalization on new project.
- (3) Only available on the market M8-M16.

7.2.2 IMPERIAL DIAMETERS

Element	Туре	Picture	#4	#6	8#	#10	1/4"	5/16	3/8″	7/16	1/2"	9/16	5/8"	3/4"	8/2	1"	1-	1.	1-	1-
	H – SAE Grade 5																			
	H – SAE Grade 8																			
	H – ASTM F593)																		
	Machine Screw – No Grade FLZ CLZ RLZ																			
	HRC																			
Screws	HSB stainless steel ASTM F879																			
S S	HSB Alloy Steel ASTM F835																			
	HSF Stainless steel ASTM F879	Or TORX																		
	HSF Alloy Steel ASTM F835																			
	HSC – Alloy Steel ASTM A574																			





Element	Туре	Picture	7#	9#	8#	#10	1/4"	5/16	3/8″	7/16	1/5"	9/16	.8/9	3/4"	8/2	1,,	÷	1	ţ	÷
	HSC – Stainless steel ASTM F837	Salaman																		
	Square neck bolt																			
	HSBP																			
	HSFP																			
	HSS ⁽¹⁾																			
	Screws for steel sheet or wood	A Trade Land																		
	Screw with integrated washer, captive																			
	With flange																			
Insert	Helicoïl																			
Ins	Keensert																			
	Н																			
Nuts	H LOCK METAL																			
Z	H LOCK PLAST ⁽²⁾																			
	Hexagonal rivet nut Thin head, CS																			





Element	Туре	Picture	7#	9#	8#	#10	1/4"	5/16	3/8″	7/16	1/2"	9/16	2/8″	3/4"	8/2	1,,	1.	1.	1.	1
	Hexagonal rivet nut Thin head, SS																			
	Hexagonal rivet nut Flush head, CS																			
	Hexagonal rivet nut Flush head, SS																			
	Welded nut																			
	Cage nut, CS																			
	Cage Nut, SS																			
	Acorn nut																			
	Wing nut																			
	Tension nut																			
	C washer	\(\lambda \)																		
Washers	PLAIN																			
Wa	HRDN																			
	RAMP																			
	SPRING ⁽³⁾																			

- (1) Carbon Steel Hexagon Socket Set Screws are not to be preloaded in tension.
- (2) When zinc flake plating is required, Carbon Steel Locknuts with Plastic Inserts shall not have plastic inserts installed during the plating process.
- (3) Use spring locks when required by Project Contract.





7.3. LIMITATIONS ON SCREW LENGTHS

Limitation for screws lengths is to be respected according to the PPLs. Regarding length thread of screw, fully threaded screws to be preferentially used except if stress under fatigue requires the use of partially threaded screws or long assemblies (example: $L_k>5d$).

7.4. LIMITATIONS ON FASTENERS DEPENDING ON REGIONS

Restrictions on element types depending on areas are to be respected according to PPLs.





8. DESIGN RULES

8.1. **SELECTION AND ASSOCIATION RULES**

8.1.1 SELECTION ACCORDING TO ZONES

		Zones						
Diameter	Z _{inD} (Inside dry area)	Z _{inW} (Interior wet area)	Z _{out} (outside)					
≤ M6 or ≤ 1/4"	Stainless steel	Stainless steel or carbon steel						
≥ M8 or ≥ 5/16"	or ≥ 5/16" Carbon steel*							

^(*) Additional protection, decoupling if issues with galvanic compatibility with the assembled materials.

8.1.2 Associations rules following mechanical characteristics

Metric units

Screw grade	Washer minimum hardness *	Nut quality class
8.8	200 HV	8
10.9	300 HV	10
12.9	420 HV	12
A2 70	200 HV	A2 70**
A4 80	200 HV	A4 80

^(*) as per DTRF 150213

Imperial units

Screw grade	Washer	Nut grade
SAE J429 Grade 5	ASME B18.21.1	SAE J995 Grade 5
SAE J429 Grade 8	ASTM F436	SAE J995 Grade 8
ASTM F593 CW	ASME B18.21.1	ASTM F594 CW

In the design, it is prohibited to:

Mix screws or nuts of different quality classes and washer hardness's on output from engineering office.

8.1.3 Association rules about washer

Combinations of washers to use versus the holes size (mechanicals applications):

^(**) or some HFR nut in A4-80 (with the Torque value for 70 quality class in line with the screw)





	Round (R)		Steel support ** Siz	ze of clearance hole	
	or oblong Part treatment		F or M	L	
	(O) hole		Close or Normal Fit	Loose Fit	
Plain washer	R	Painted or unpainted	Regular Plain		
NSK	R or O	part or with ASP	NSK-M	NSK-M + large flat washer*	
		Unpainted part	Larg	e CS	
	R	Painted part or with ASP	Large CS		
CS	0	Painted or unpainted part or with ASP	+ large fla	t washer*	
VS	R	Unpainted part or with ASP	VS		
	R	Painted or unpainted	Regular Plain+ Spring	Wide Plain + Spring	
Spring lock washer***	0	part or with ASP	3	value i lain + Spring	
.		Unpainted	С		
	R	Painted part or with ASP	C + regular plain	C + wide plain washer*	
C	0	Painted or unpainted part or with ASP	washer	wasiici	
	R		Ramps washe	rs large series	
Wedge lock washer - large series	0	Unpainted part or with ASP	Forbidden ***		

ASP = Assembly Surface Protection

(*): if the stiffness of the large flat washer is insufficient, or if problems arise when purchasing washers following standard (thick washer), it is possible to insert a special washer under the wide CS, as per the drawing with a hardness compatible with the screw quality class and whose thickness \geq 0.5 d.

(**) on soft material, such as aluminum, take a wide washer (wide CS or wedge lock washer).

For mechanical use only (not electrical) note that thick flat washers are not used, since they are difficult to source.

(***) solution for previous projects: Large ramps lock washer + screw with flange

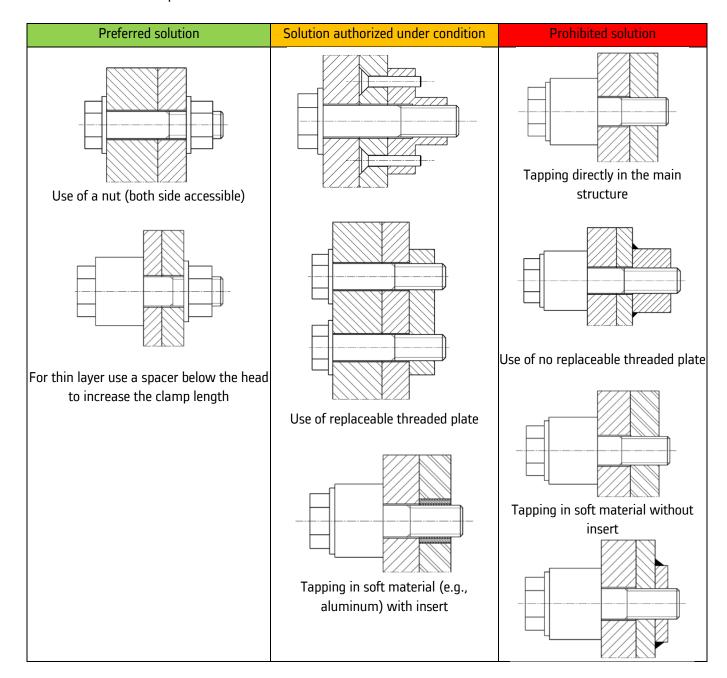
(****) Use spring locks when required by Project Contract.





8.1.4 DESIGN RULES

- Use for a single fixing point where several screws or bolts are used (screw and nut), the same diameter and the same quality class for all elements at the fixing point.
- For adjustment areas, which require re-assembly, in order to avoid replacement of fasteners, it is requested to use flat washers and H-nuts which can be re-used according to the table of re-use of fasteners in DTRF 150214.
- Use the preferred solutions described in the table below:







Preferred solution	Solution authorized under condition	Prohibited solution
Use of a nut blocked in rotation (one side accessible only for tightening)	Spacer not blocked into rotation, on the nut side if validated by indus	Tapping between two parts Welded nut or locknut
Screw countersunk head with nut		Screw countersunk head with rivet nut, cage nut or welded nut
		Screw flat end or socket welded into thin sheet
Stud properly implemented	Implementation with adjustment (e.g., risk of collision)	Stud bottoming out in threaded hole





Protruding thread length (b), unused thread length (c) and edge distance (e) must respect following limits, exceptions permitted for economic, availability (per PPL) or clearance reasons.

 $b \ge 3p$ for Lkmax,

b ≤ 10p,

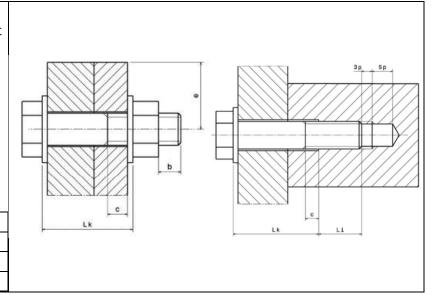
 $c \ge 6p$,

e ≥ 1.5d

Li validated by calculation team.

Lkmin Clamp length:

	Lk min
Structural assembly	>3d
Semi structural assembly	>1d
Fastening assembly	>0,5d



Thread-lock

- Thread-lock is used to prevent loss and not to prevent lossening.
- The design should be made to avoid the use of thread-locker as much as possible.
- Applicable for all diameters and only according to the following cases:

				Thre	ad-lock		
Disassembly	Settlement	Nut typ Washer typ		Nut typ Washer typ stee		Stainless steel hardware	Carbon steel hardware
Bolted or screwed assembly frequently disassembled during maintenance							
	with re- tightening	Prohibited					
Bolted or screwed assembly		Tapping, H nut, crimp nut with	wedge-lock washer or collapsible washer		Not necessary		
not disassembled during maintenance	without retightening	hexagonal barrel	Flat washer, CS, VS	Not permitted*	Medium thread-locker		
		Locknut, cage nut, insert (Keensert or Helicoil)	any washer		Prohibited		

 $^{(\}mbox{*}) \ \mbox{except for the fitting of small stainless-steel screws tightened without lubrication see chapter torque table.}$





8.2. FASTENER ADDITIONAL PROTECTION AFTER ASSEMBLY

- If the assembly is visible with aesthetic requirements, it is mandatory to adapt the fastener type (color, material, geometry, ...)
- If the assembly is visible without any aesthetic requirement, it is necessary to protect fastener bought following DTRF 150213 from corrosion with an additional protection following the below table (formalization following DTRF150250 DADI). The reference of the proper additional protection (in accordance with surface protection catalogue DTRF150611), depending on the constraints of the manufacturing process is defined by the industrialization in instruction sheets.

				Zones							
					Z_{inD} Z_{inW} Z_{ot}					Z _{out} *	
				Exposure to cleaning agents according to DTRF 150262						52	
Material	Family DTRF 150213	Disassembly frequency	Visible assembly without aesthetic requirement	Unexposed	C1 or C2 diluted	C3 or C2 non diluted	Unexposed	C1 or C2 diluted	C3 or C2 non diluted	All exposures	
Stainless steel	C/D	D / ND	V / NV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
		D / ND	NV	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	
Zinc-	Α	Α	D	V	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
		ND	V	0	2	2	0	2	2	2	
platted steel		D / ND	NV	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Steel	B / D**	D	V	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	
(1)		ND	V	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	

(*) with or without exposure on UV radiation

(**) D includes pins and studs

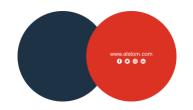
D: Disassembled frequently in maintenance

ND: Not disassembled frequently in maintenance (at midlife or never)

V: Visible assembly NV: Assembly not visible

0	Additional protection not required
1	Additional protection not permanent (wax,)
2	Permanent additional protection (varnish, paint,)





9. FUNDAMENTAL DIMENSIONING CRITERIA

9.1. ASSEMBLY DIMENSIONING

Utilization constraints	Criterion	Level	Flexibility
Resistance under axial load: exploitation (exceptional and service) and proof load	Axial load	No separation	Fo
Resistance under transversal load in service conditions	Shear load	No sliding	F0
Resistance under transversal load in proof load conditions	Shear load	No sliding*	F1
	No shearing of the dowel	Under Proof Load	FO
Dimensioning of the mechanical stop (example of a pin if the screws used cannot absorb the shear load)	Tolerance at shearing dowel level	Enough to ensure non- contact with the fastener shaft	FO
	No peening of the dowel or the boring	Under Proof Load	FO
Shear stress directly absorbed by a screw		Prohibited	F0
All the criteria must be inside of the elastic domain:			
Utilization rate on tightened bolt at installation stage	Yield	90% +/- 3%	Fo
Utilization rate on tightened bolt during exploitation	Yield	100%	Fo

- (*) In case of exceptional loads sliding may be accepted if the sliding distance is limited:
 - By a transition fit for load transferring interfaces (e.g. pivot, articulation)
 - o tolerance of form fit < limit displacement
 - o proof of bending stress in bolt / fit tolerance
 - o proof of form fit (see dimensioning of the mechanical stop)
 - o proof of full functionality retained
 - locking device against self-loosening by rotation
 - By a loose fit for e.g. equipment fixation or one directional loads (e.g. steps, slinging hook)
 - proof of shear resistance and bearing
 - o proof of form fit
 - o limit displacement by hole size (m or f) or the bolt resilience





Design criterion for mechanical screwed assemblies inside an electrical box of equipment (traction block or box, LV cabinet, switch gear, etc.) whose safety level is:

- High: dimensioning is performed by following the instructions of the previous table.
- Medium or low: dimensioning may be performed according to EN 1993-8 (calculation based on the shear failure limit of the screw)

Design criterion for an anti-fall device:

- Primary fastener according to the requirements of the previous table
- Fastening of anti-fall device or second loading path, may be performed with the following criteria:
 - Separation and slippage possible
 - No rupture of the fastener.

9.2. OPTIMIZATION RULES FOR BOLTED ASSEMBLIES

By order of priority:

- 1. Increase the clamping length
- 2. Increase number of screws in order to decrease the preload required into each screw
- 3. Increase screw diameter in order to increase minimum preload F0min
- 4. Increase bolt grade in order to increase minimum preload F0min
- 5. Increase shear force capacity using improved friction factor at interface
- 6. Increase performance class (CP) in order to increase minimum preload F0min
- 7. Optimize the torque value (by calculation or test)*
- 8. Specify retightening operation
- 9. Lubricate the screw or the nut in order to increase minimum preload with manufacturing validation (in that case, contact the Site Assembly Expert).
- (*) About torque value, the rule is always to use the standard tightening torques. Only in the following cases, can the assembly be optimized (tension reached) by a specific torque value (nonstandard value). Please note that this specific torque must be as close as possible to the rounding table of the standard tightening means (otherwise industrial validation is required):
 - Use 90% of the yield point if standard torque value is using a below value for standardization purpose
 - Assembly having been the subject of a product qualification considering serial part (rigidity of the real
 assembly, bearing limitation, ...) or special elements (hammer screw, washer or nut) different from
 the preferred part list.
 - Tightening on the head side (ex: case of screws with flange) and not the nut side.
 - Use of washers or nuts different from the torques reference tables
 - Tightening into a soft thread (specific friction factor or limitation related to the type of insert)
 - Tightening on non-metallic part (plastic, composite, ...)





10. TORQUE TIGHTENING VALUES

Application of the standard torque tightening values:

- to be used preferentially and as input for the calculation of a connection
- for CPC20 and CPC10 and several different type of fastener
- for friction factor according to DTRF150213.
- Torque to be applied on the nut side; torque application on the head side must be validated by the site bolting expert.
- Torque also applicable for threaded hole after validation of the friction factor by the site bolting expert.

Hypothesis taken for the definition of the standard torque tightening values:

- Step 1: equivalent stress at installation stage = 90% +/- 3% of the Yield of the screw
- Step 2: values are rounded relation to the capacity of standard tools

Rounding table for metric values								
Torque range (N.m)	Rounding value (N.m)							
0 - 10	0.5							
10 - 50	2							
50 - 100	5							
100 - 400	10							
400 - 1000	20							
> 1000	50							

Rounding table for imperial values							
Torque range	Rounding value						
0 in-lbf - 50 in-lbf	0.5 in-lbf						
50 in-lbf - 120 in-lbf	1.0 in-lbf						
10 ft-lbf - 100 ft-lbf	0.5 ft-lbf						
100 ft-lbf - 150 ft-lbf	1.0 ft-lbf						
150 ft-lbf - 250 ft-lbf	2.0 ft-lbf						
250 ft-lbf - 1000 ft-lbf	5.0 ft-lbf						
> 1000 ft-lbf	10.0 ft-lbf						

• Step 3: rounding for a same diameter if proximity between 2 different fastening solution.

Do not use these standard torque tightening values if the fastener type (bolt with flange, washer with grooves, ...) or friction factors are different from the ones mentioned in the tables.





10.1. STANDARD TORQUE VALUES FOR NUT – CP C20

10.1.1 STANDARD TORQUE VALUES FOR METRIC NUT – CP C20

	BOBA reference : T1-150210P									
	Tightening torque values in Nm for Metric screws / Tightening performance class: CP20									
	Screw diameter with torque values in <i>italic</i> are not standard and should be avoided									
	H and HSC screws									
Fastener	CS washers and flat washers									
Fē	Hexagonal nut, Self-locking nut with plastic insert All metal lock nut FS & double slotted									tted
Friction	head	Friction factor head and threads: µ _{ave} = 0.15 ± 0.03		Head and threads: μave = 0.275 ± 0.075 (dry) Head and threads: μave= 0.16 ± 0.04 (Lubr)		Head: $\mu_{ave} = 0.15 \pm 0.03$ Threads: $\mu_{ave} = 0.19 \pm 0.03$.315 ± 0.075 (dry) = 0.16 ± 0.04
Class	8.8	10.9	12.9	A2 or A4 - 70	A2 or A4 – 80	8.8	10.9	12.9	A2 or A4 - 70	A2 or A4 – 80
3	1	1.5		Same as 8.8	1 (*)			<i>7</i> . T		
5	2.5 5	3.5 7		quality class torques values	3 (*) 6.5 (*)			Torque	e identical to H nut (*)	
6	8.5	12	14	6	8				← Torque ide	ntical to H nut
8	20	30	36	14	20	<i>a</i> -			16	20
10	42	60	70	28	38	← Torqu	ie identical	to H nut	30	40
12	70	100	120	50	65				50	70
(14)	110	160	190	80	100	120	170	200	<i>85</i>	110
16	170	250	290	120	160	180	270	320	130	170
(18)	240	350	420	170	220	260	370	440	180	240
20	340	500	580	230	310	370	520	620	250	340
(22)	480	680	780			500	720	840		
24	600	840	980			640	900	1050		
(27)	880	1250	1450			940	1350	1550		
30	1200	1700	2000			1300	1800	2150		
36	2100	2950	3450			2250	3150	3700		

^(*) Stainless steel fasteners smaller than 6 mm are assembled without lubrication. For stainless steel fasteners 6 mm and larger, the addition of Molykote 1000 ® lubricant must be specified and applied on the threads and under the nut head.





10.1.2 STANDARD TORQUE VALUES FOR IMPERIAL NUT - CP C20

	BOBA reference : T2-150210P									
	Tighte	ning torque		-			-		performance class	s: CP C20
				meter with torqu	e values in <i>ita</i>	<i>lic</i> are not st	tandard and	should be	avoided	
_	Н	and HSC sc	rews **	(S				
Nominal screw sizes are Imperial UNC, except #10-32 UNF				,		0,				
e Im										
es ar 32 Ul	Conical washers and flat washers									
v siz ⊧10-∶	Cor	iical washer	's and flat v	vashers						
Nominal screw sizes are Ir UNC, except #10-32 UNF							(A			
inal , exc										
Nor		Havaganal nu	rt Colf locking	g nut with plastic inse	,r+		am	All	-Metal Locking Nut	
		r ieżagoriai nic	it, Sell-lockling	Head and t				All	Head: µave = 0.	275 ± 0.075
Friction		ctroplated Zin		μave = 0.275 ±			ctroplated Zin		Threads: µave = 0.3	
Fric		_{aad} = 0.16 to 0.2 _{ad} = 0.12 to 0.1		Head and t	hreads:		_{aad} = 0.20 to 0.3 _{ad} = 0.12 to 0.1		Head: μave = 0	
	File	l		μave= 0.16 ± 0	.04 (Lubr)	r-ne.	au	1	Threads: µave = 0.	2 ± 0.04 (lubr)
Class	SAE Grade 5	SAE Grade 8	No Grade	ASTM F593 CW ASTM F837 CW1	No Grade	SAE Grade 5	SAE Grade 8	No Grade	ASTM F593 CW ASTM F837 CW1	No Grade
#4-40			6.0 in-lbf		5.50 in-lbf *				-	
#6-32			10.0 in-lbf		10.50 in-lbf *		4	Torque ident	ical to H nut *	
#8-32			20.0 in-lbf		19.50 in-lbf *		•	rorque ident	acui to 11 mut	
#10-32	-		36.0 in-lbf		32.00 in-lbf *		_	Γ	-	
1/4"	90.0 in-lbf	10.5		60.0 in-lbf		93.0 in-lbf	11		62.0 in-lbf	
5/16"	15	22		10		15.5	22		10.5	
3/8"	26	37		17.5		28	39		18.5	
7/16" 1/2"	42 64	<i>59</i>		<i>28</i> 43		67	<i>62</i> 95		<i>30</i> 45	
9/16"	91	129		60		96	135		65	
5/8"	127	180		84		133	188		90	
3/4"	226	320				238	335			
7/8"	365	515				385	540			
1"	545	770				575	810			
1-1/8"	680	1090				715	1150			
1-1/4"	955	1530				1010	1620			
1-3/8"	1250	2010				1320	2120			
1-1/2"	1660	2660			ombled witho	1750	2810		factonors 1 //- or	

^(*) Stainless steel fasteners smaller than 1/4" are assembled without lubrication. For stainless steel fasteners 1/4" or larger, the addition of Molykote 1000 ® lubricant must be specified and applied on the threads and under the nut head.

^(**) HSC style Carbon Steel Screws of diameter 1/4" and greater shall be made to ASTM A574, and are comparable to SAE Grade 8 Hardware





10.1.3 STANDARD TORQUE VALUES FOR IMPERIAL NUT - CP C20 – CARBON STEEL HARDWARE WITH GEOMET 321+VL

	BOBA reference : T3-150210P							
S	Tightening torque values in foot pounds-force (ft-lbf), unless otherwise specified Tightening performance class: CP C20 Screw diameter with torque values in <i>italics</i> are not standard and should be avoided							
al UNC,	Н	and HSC screws *	6	•				
crew sizes are Imperi except #10-32 UNF	Conical washers and flat washers							
Nominal screw sizes are Imperial UNC, except #10-32 UNF	Hexagonal nut, Self-locking nut with plastic insert. with All-Metal Locking Nut							
-riction	Geomet 321 + VL μ _{thread} = 0.09 to 0.14 μ _{head} = 0.09 to 0.14		Geomet 321 + VL μ _{thread} = 0.12 to 0.17 μ _{head} = 0.09 to 0.14					
Ē	$\mu_{\text{head}} = 0.0$	J9 t0 U.14	μ _{head} = 0.0	9 to 0.14				
Class	μ _{head} = 0.0	SAE Grade 8	μ _{head} = 0.0	SAE Grade 8				
Class	SAE Grade 5	SAE Grade 8	SAE Grade 5	SAE Grade 8				
Class 5/16 "	SAE Grade 5	SAE Grade 8	SAE Grade 5	SAE Grade 8				
Class 5/16"	SAE Grade 5 12 20	SAE Grade 8 17 29	SAE Grade 5 12.5 22	SAE Grade 8 18 31				
Class 5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16"	SAE Grade 5 12 20 32	\$AE Grade 8 17 29 45	SAE Grade 5 12.5 22 35	\$\$ \$\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$				
Class 5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8"	SAE Grade 5 12 20 32 49	SAE Grade 8 17 29 45 69	SAE Grade 5 12.5 22 35 53	31 49 75				
Class 5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4"	SAE Grade 5 12 20 32 49 70 97 172	SAE Grade 8 17 29 45 69 98 137 242	\$\$ SAE Grade 5 12.5 22 35 53 76 105 186	\$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$				
Class 5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4" 7/8"	\$\$AE Grade 5\$ 12 20 32 49 70 97 172 275	\$\$ SAE Grade 8 17 29 45 69 98 137 242 385	\$\$ SAE Grade 5\$ 12.5 22 35 53 76 105 186 300	31 49 75 106 148 265 420				
Class 5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4" 7/8"	SAE Grade 5 12 20 32 49 70 97 172 275	SAE Grade 8 17 29 45 69 98 137 242 385 580	\$\$ SAE Grade 5\$ 12.5 22 35 53 76 105 186 300 445	\$\$ 18 \$ 31 \$ 49 \$ 75 \$ 106 \$ 148 \$ 265 \$ 420 \$ 630 \$ \$ \$ 630 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$				
Class 5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4" 7/8" 1" 1-1/8"	\$\$ SAE Grade 5\$ 12 20 32 49 70 97 172 275 410 510	SAE Grade 8 17 29 45 69 98 137 242 385 580 820	SAE Grade 5 12.5 22 35 53 76 105 186 300 445 555	\$\$ 18 \\ 31 \\ 49 \\ 75 \\ 106 \\ 148 \\ 265 \\ 420 \\ 630 \\ 895				
Class 5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4" 7/8" 1" 1-1/8"	\$\frac{12}{20}\$ \$\frac{32}{49}\$ \$\frac{70}{97}\$ \$\frac{172}{275}\$ \$\frac{410}{510}\$ \$\frac{715}{715}\$	\$\frac{17}{29}\$ \$\frac{45}{69}\$ \$\frac{98}{137}\$ \$\frac{242}{385}\$ \$\frac{580}{820}\$ \$\frac{1150}{1150}\$	\$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$	\$\$ 18\$ \$\$ 31\$ \$\$ 49\$ \$\$ 75\$ \$\$ 106\$ \$\$ 148\$ \$\$ 265\$ \$\$ 420\$ \$\$ 630\$ \$\$ 895\$ \$\$ 1250\$				
Class 5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4" 7/8" 1" 1-1/8"	\$\$ SAE Grade 5\$ 12 20 32 49 70 97 172 275 410 510	SAE Grade 8 17 29 45 69 98 137 242 385 580 820	SAE Grade 5 12.5 22 35 53 76 105 186 300 445 555	\$\$ 18 \\ 31 \\ 49 \\ 75 \\ 106 \\ 148 \\ 265 \\ 420 \\ 630 \\ 895				

^(*) HSC style Carbon Steel Screws of diameter 1/4" and greater shall conform to ASTM A574, and are comparable to SAE Grade 8 Hardware





10.2. STANDARD TORQUE VALUES FOR NUT - CPC10

10.2.1 STANDARD TORQUE VALUES FOR NUT CPC10 – METRIC SCREWS

	BOBA reference : T4-150210P							
	Sta	ainless steel bolt	s are not included	/ Tightening perforn I in this performand not standard and sh	e class	0		
	H and H	SC screws		Oxide				
Fastener	CS washers and fl	at washers.						
Fas	Hexagonal nut, Self-locking nut with plastic insert. All metal lock nut FS & double slotted							
Friction	Friction factor head and threads: µ _{ave} = 0.15 ± 0.03			Friction factor Head: μ_{ave} = 0.15 ± 0.03 Threads: μ_{ave} = 0.19 ± 0.03				
Class	8.8	10.9	12.9	8.8	10.9	12.9		
8	22	32	38	24	36	40		
10	44	64	76	46	70	80		
12	75	110	130	80	120	140		
(14)	120	180	210	130	190	220		
16	190	270	320	200	290	350		
(18)	270	380	440	290	410	480		
20	380	540	620	400	580	680		
(22)	520	740	860	560	780	920		
24	650	920	1100	700	1000	1150		
(27)	960	1350	1600	1050	1450	1700		
30	1300	1850	2150	1400	2000	2350		
36	2250	3200	3750	2450	3450	4050		





10.2.2 STANDARD TORQUE VALUES FOR NUT CPC10 - IMPERIAL SCREWS - ZINC ELECTROPLATE

	BOBA reference : T5-150210P							
	• • •			ning performance class: CP C10				
			uded in this performance class.					
	Screw diameter with torque values in <i>italic</i> are not standard and should be avoided							
		H and HSC screws*		,				
Imperial =								
es are 32 UNI		Conical washer ar	nd flat washers					
v siz :10-3								
Nominal screw sizes are Imperial UNC, except #10-32 UNF								
	Hexagonal nut, Self-locking nut with plastic insert. Zinc Electroplate per ASTM B633/F1941 Zinc Electroplate per ASTM B633/F1941 Zinc Electroplate per ASTM B633/F1941							
ion		ion factor	Friction factor					
Friction		0.16 to 0.26	μ _{thread} = 0.20 to 0.30					
ш	μ _{head} = (0.12 to 0.18	μ _{head} = 0.12 to 0.18					
Class	SAE J429 Grade 5	SAE J429 Grade 8	SAE J429 Grade 5	SAE J429 Grade 8				
1/4"	98.0 in-lbf	11.5	102.0 in-lbf	12				
5/16"	98.0 in-lbf 16.5	11.5 23	102.0 in-lbf 17	12 24				
5/16" 3/8"								
5/16" 3/8" 7/16"	16.5	23	17	24				
5/16" 3/8"	16.5 29	23 41	17 30	24 43				
5/16" 3/8" 7/16"	16.5 29 45	23 41 64	17 30 48	24 43 67				
5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8"	16.5 29 45 70	23 41 64 99	17 30 48 73	24 43 67 103				
5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16"	16.5 29 45 70	23 41 64 99 140	17 30 48 73 104	24 43 67 103 148				
5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8"	16.5 29 45 70 100	23 41 64 99 140 196	17 30 48 73 104	24 43 67 103 148 206				
5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4"	16.5 29 45 70 100 138 246	23 41 64 99 140 196 350	17 30 48 73 104 145 260	24 43 67 103 148 206				
5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4" 7/8"	16.5 29 45 70 100 138 246 395	23 41 64 99 140 196 350 560	17 30 48 73 104 145 260 420	24 43 67 103 148 206 365 590				
5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4" 7/8" 1"	16.5 29 45 70 100 138 246 395 595	23 41 64 99 140 196 350 560	17 30 48 73 104 145 260 420 625	24 43 67 103 148 206 365 590				
5/16" 3/8" 7/16" 1/2" 9/16" 5/8" 3/4" 7/8" 1" 1-1/8"	16.5 29 45 70 100 138 246 395 595	23 41 64 99 140 196 350 560 840	17 30 48 73 104 145 260 420 625 780	24 43 67 103 148 206 365 590 885				

^(*) HSC style Carbon Steel Screws of diameter 1/4" and greater shall conform to ASTM A574, and are comparable to SAE Grade 8 Hardware



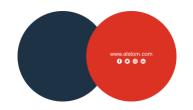


10.2.3 STANDARD TORQUE VALUES FOR NUT CPC10 - IMPERIAL SCREWS - GEOMET 321+VL

	BOBA reference : T6-150210P								
	Tightening	torque values in foot pound-fo	rce (ft-lbf), unless otherwise sp	ecified.					
		Tightening performance cla							
	Screw diame	ter with torque values in <i>italic</i>	are not standard and should be	avoided					
perial J.F		H and HSC screws*							
ninal screw sizes are Impe UNC, except #10-32 UNF		Conical and flat was	hers O						
ew s									
Nominal screw sizes are Imperial UNC, except #10-32 UNF									
	Hexagonal nut, Self-locking nut with plastic insert. All metal locknut								
_	GEOME	T 321 + VL	GEOMET 321 + VL						
Friction		on factor	Friction factor						
Fri		d threads:	Head: µ _{ave} = 0.09 to 0.14						
C.I.	μ _{ave} = 0.	09 to 0.14	Threads : μ _{ave} = 0.12 to 0.17						
Cla ss	SAE J429 Grade 5	SAE J429 Grade 8	SAE J429 Grade 5	SAE J429 Grade 8					
5/16"	13	18	13.5	19.5					
3/8"	22	31	24	33.5					
7/16"	35	49	38	53					
1/2"	54	76	58	82					
9/16"	76	107	82	116					
5/8"	105	149	114	162					
3 »	186	265	202	285					
7/8"	300	420	325	460					
1"	445	630	485	685					
1-1/8"	560	895	605	975					
1-1/4"	780	1250	850	1370					
1-3/8"	1030	1650	1120	1790					
1-1/2"	1350	2170	1480	2370					

^(*) HSC style Carbon Steel Screws of diameter 1/4" and greater shall conform to ASTM A574, and are comparable to SAE Grade 8 Hardware





10.3. TORQUE VALUES FOR SPECIAL ASSEMBLIES

10.3.1 METAL ASSEMBLIES - METRIC SCREWS

10.5	-		BOBA referen	ce : T7-150210	Р			
Tightening torques in	Nm - CPC20			H nut (c)	Keensert®	Helicoïl®	Rivet nut	Cage Nut
Screw ^(a)	Washer ^(b)	d	Material grade				977	
		M3 M4 M5	010.9 / A2 or A4-070 or 080			CPD		
		M6			T.			
CBHC or CBX			010.9	20	20*/20 **	2	.0	
FHC or FX HSF of HFSP (d)		M8	A2 or A4-070 or 080	14***		14**		CPD
		Мз	8.8 /	1				
		M4	A2 or A4-70 or 80	2.5		_	DD	
		M5		5	4	C	PD	
		M6	8.8 A2 or A4-70 or 80	8,5 6***	4			
			8.8	20	20*/20 **	2	.0	
		M8	A2 or A4-70	14***	20 /20	14 **	.0	CPD
		1-10	A2 or A4-80	20***	+	20 **		CI D
			8.8	42	42*/42**		-2	
8		M10	A2 or A4-70	28***	,	28 **		
			A2 or A4-80	38***	1	38 **		
			8.8	70	70*/ 70**	7	70	
H or HSC		M12	A2 or A4-70	50***		50 **		
			A2 or A4-80	65***		65 **		

- (a) Screw friction factor according to DTRF 150213
- (b) These torques are valid in combination with flat and conical washer CS
- (c) Tightening at nut side
- (d) No washers
- (**) Screw thread greased, screw head ungreased (under head)
- (***) Screw thread greased, screw head greased (under head)





10.3.2 METAL ASSEMBLIES - IMPERIAL SCREWS

BOBA reference : T8-150210P								
Tightening torques in fo		lbf) unless	otherwise noted - All	H nut (c)	Keensert®	Helicoïl®	Rivet Nut	Cage Nut
Screw ^(a)	Washer ^(b)	d	Material grade				9	
CBHC or CBX		#4 #6 #8 #10	All Grades			CPD		
(1)			Carbon Steel Grade 5		90 in	-lbf		
HSB or HSBP		1/4"	Stainless steel: CW1	48.5 in-lbf***		64 in-lbf**		CPD
			Carbon Steel Grade 5	15 / 12*				
		5/16"	Stainless steel: CW1	99.0 in-lbf***		11**		
			Carbon Steel Grade 5	26 / 20*				
FHC or FX HSF or HFSP (d)		3/8"	Stainless steel: CW1	15***		20**		
H or HSC*		#4 #6 #8 #10	All Grades			CPD		
			Carbon Steel Grade 5	90 in-lbf				
		1/4"	Stainless steel: ASTM F593 CW1	60 in-lbf***		78 in-lbf**		
			Carbon Steel Grade 5		15 /	12*		
		5/16"	Stainless steel: ASTM F593 CW1	10***		13**		
3			Carbon Steel Grade 5		26 /	20*		
		3/8"	Stainless steel: ASTM F593 CW1	17.5***		23**		

- (*) HSC style Carbon Steel Screws of diameter 1/4" and greater shall be conform to ASTM A574, and are comparable to SAE Grade 8 Hardware
- (a) Carbon steel torques listed for ${\bf zinc}$ electroplate coating standard.
- (b) These torques are valid in combination with flat and conical washers CS
- (c) Tightening at nut side
- (d) No washers
- (*) Torque listed for Geomet 321 + VL coating
- (**) Screw thread greased, screw head ungreased (under head)
- (***) Screw thread greased, screw head greased (under head)





10.3.3 TORQUE VALUE FOR FIBER REINFORCED PLASTIC PARTS ASSEMBLY (METRIC AND IMPERIAL)

	Assemblies without metallic insert	Assemblies with metallic insert
Interfaces	Composite	Metallic
Torque values	Defined by calculation and systematically confirmed by qualification & validation tests	Standard torque tightening value
Performance class	CPC20	

10.3.4 TORQUE VALUE FOR PLASTIC, ELASTOMER AND RUBBER ASSEMBLIES (METRIC AND IMPERIAL)

	Assemblies without metallic insert	Assemblies with metallic insert		
Interfaces	Plastic, Elastomer, Rubber, Paper join	Metallic		
Torque values	Defined by calculation and systematically confirmed by qualification & validation tests	Standard torque tightening value		
Performance class	CPC20 or CPC10			





11. DEPARTMENT RESPONSIBILITY AND TIGHTENING METHOD

The engineering department is responsible for determining the intensity of the efforts exerted on the assembly, for dimensioning the assembly and for defining fastening elements designation, as well as the minimum, nominal and maximum pre-stresses.

In cooperation with the methods office, depending on tightening tools available in production and maintenance, their accessibility, their required precision, a tightening method used to reach the nominal tension is selected (tightening method - torque, tensioning, fusible bolt, tightening path ...). The engineering office will validate the selected tightening method and will then indicate the selected performance class.

The methods department will then determine the tightening tool adapted to the performance class that will be used for the assembly and bolting sequences.

12. MOUNTING PRESCRIPTIONS

The mountings prescriptions, inspections to be made before and after tightening, control method, retightening, re-using of components are indicated into ALSTOM Standard DTRF 150214.